



Events - GCRF African SWIFT Closing Seminars February 2022

Tuesday 15th: Improving nowcasting and synoptic forecasting of extreme weather across Africa

Seminar

11am – 12pm UTC

Speakers: John Marsham (University of Leeds), Maureen Abia Ahiataku (GMet), Alex Roberts (University of Leeds), Estelle de Coning (WMO)

Wednesday 16th: Bridging the gap between African meteorological research and operations

Seminar

11am – 12pm UTC

Speakers: Benjamin Lamptey (GMet), Coumba Niang (UCAD), Leonard Amedkudzi (KNUST), Bashiru Yahaya (GMet)

Thursday 17th: The future of African weather forecasting - The way forward and its sustainability for socio-economic development?

Seminar

11am – 12pm UTC

Speakers: Douglas Parker (NCAS), Benjamin Lamptey (GMet), Emma Visman (UKCEH), Mariane Diop-Kane (WMO)

Tuesday 15th: Developing subseasonal forecasting techniques to improve climate resilience across Africa

Seminar

12pm – 1pm UTC

Speakers: Linda Hirons (NCAS-Reading), Masilin Gudoshava (ICPAC), Cheikh Dione (ACMAD), Steve Woolnough (NCAS-Reading)

Wednesday 16th: Ensuring sustainability of African meteorological research and solutions

Seminar

12pm – 1pm UTC

Speakers: Elijah Adefisan (ACMAD), Andre Foamouhoue (ACMAD), Joseph Mutemi (University of Nairobi), Fionne Marshall (TBC) (UKMO), Helen Ticehurst (TBC) (UKMO/WISER)

Thursday 17th: The future of African weather forecasting - How can international resources be best used and distributed?

Seminar

12pm – 1pm UTC

Speakers: Lorraine Youds (WMO), Douglas Parker (NCAS), Ousmane Ndiaye (ANACIM), Felipe Lucio (WMO), Katherine Marsden (FCDO, UKMO)

Developing sub-seasonal forecasting techniques to improve climate resilience across Africa

Linda Hirons¹, Cheikh Dione², Steve Woolnough¹

¹ National Centre for Atmospheric Science (NCAS) – University of Reading

² African Centre of Meteorological Applications for Development (ACMAD)

SWIFT External Seminar Series 15th Feb



GCRF African SWIFT's (Science for Weather Information and Forecasting Techniques) overarching goal deliver a step change in African weather forecasting capability from hourly to seasonal timescales, and build research capability to continue forecasting improvements in Africa for the foreseeable future.

1: Users and evaluation *interdisciplinary engagement linking forecast users requirements with the provision of quantitative measures of forecast accuracy*

2: Science coordination *scientific research required to deliver quality-controlled weather predictions*

3: Cross-cutting activities *needed to increase research capability and provide a legacy to the project outcomes.*

Sub-seasonal to seasonal (S2S) Prediction



Launch meeting in Dakar, Senegal, November 2017

S2S predictability WP

[252 person months of resource across 10 African and 4 UK partners – atmospheric scientists, social scientists, operational forecasters]

Objectives

O6.1 Identify **sources of predictability** for African rainfall on sub-seasonal timescales and **assess the skill** of operational S2S prediction systems

O6.2 **Build research capability** in the UK and Africa to inform the development of operational forecast products on the sub-seasonal timescale for decision making across a range of sectors

Forecasting testbed: a forum where prototype forecast products are co-produced and operationally trialled in real-time



S2S testbed Kick-off: Nov 2019; Kenya

Sub-seasonal forecasting testbed

- SWIFT: two-year (2020-2021) sub-seasonal forecasting testbed; part of the WMO **S2S Real-Time Pilot Initiative**
- Brought together forecast users (8), forecast producers (~15 in SWIFT partner countries) and researchers (~17 African & UK) to jointly develop new S2S forecast products
 - **Co-production: transforms users' role from recipient of information to participant in forecast development process.**
- Users in sectors *agriculture, food security, energy, health and disaster risk reduction*

Direct **access to S2S data** has been transformational for African Met services to develop capacity in data manipulation and allow user-guided iterations to bespoke forecast products.

Continued access to data is key to sustaining these project-initiated services and associated benefits.



Building blocks and principles of co-production

S2S forecasting testbed operational groups

6 operational groups

1x Pan-Africa (ACMAD),
1x EA regional (ICPAC)
4x SWIFT partner countries
(Kenya, Nigeria, Ghana,
Senegal)

Unique to SWIFT –
building collaboration
between research
institutions and NMHSs

Co-production action
plans with individual
key users

	O1	O2	O3	O4	O5	O6
Operational partner	ACMAD	ICPAC	GMet	KMD	NiMet	ANACIM
Location; Type	Niger; pan-Africa	Kenya; EA regional	Ghana; NMHS	Kenya; NMHS	Nigeria; NMHS	Senegal; NMHS
Supporting University	-	-	KNUST	UoN	FUTA	UCAD
Key user organisation	CAPC-AC	FSNWG	MoFA	KenGen	IFAD	MWG
Key user sector	Disaster risk reduction; Health	Food security	Agriculture	Energy	Agriculture	Agriculture

Peer-reviewed outputs

- Using co-production to improve the appropriate use of sub-seasonal forecasts in Africa. *Climate Services*. 23. 100246. ISSN 2405-8807. **Hirons et al. 2021**
- Progress and challenges of demand-led co-produced sub-seasonal to seasonal (S2S) climate forecasts in Nigeria. *Frontiers in climate*. 3. 712502. ISSN 2624-9553. **Lawal et al 2021**.
- Understanding the role of user needs and perceptions related to sub-seasonal and seasonal forecasts on farmers decisions in Kenya: a systematic review. *Frontiers in climate*. **Mutai et al 2021**.
- Co-producing Real-Time S2S forecasts for improved food security in Eastern Africa. *Climate Services*. In review. **Gudoshava et al 2022**.
- Improved sub-seasonal forecasts to support preparedness action of Meningitis outbreak in Africa. *Climate Services*. In review. **Dione et al 2022**.

Non-peer-reviewed outputs

- S2S policy brief on exploiting sub-seasonal Forecast Predictability in Africa: A key to sustainable development.

<https://doi.org/10.5518/100/72>

- ECMWF newsletter article on importance of African access to data for effective co-production.

<https://www.ecmwf.int/en/newsletter/168/news/real-time-access-sub-seasonal-forecasts-africa>

- SWIFT co-production case study in the WMO state of climate services report 2021.

https://library.wmo.int/doc_num.php?explnum_id=10826 P33.

Supporting food security in Nigeria

NiMet working with CASP (Nigerian government's Climate Change Adaptation and Agribusiness Support Programme) to support farmers decision-making.

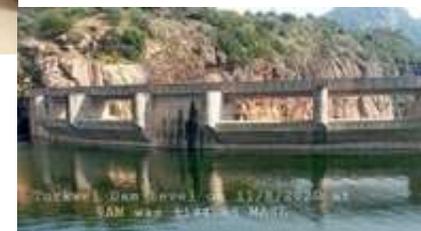
- Eg prepare for irrigation during a dry spell



Improving energy generation planning in Kenya

KMD working with KenGEN to produce bespoke forecasts for hydropower generation planning

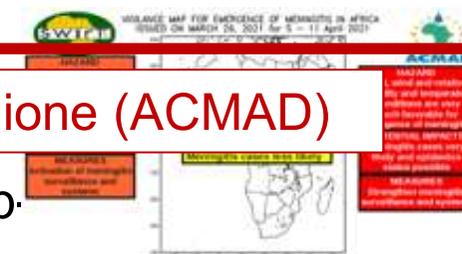
- Forecasts help manage dam levels.
- Impact: uninterrupted power for Kenya, eliminated use of emergency diesel generators.



Introducing meningitis forecasting

ACMAD working with WHO to supply bespoke, multi-variable sub-seasonal forecast products for meningitis vigilance across 26 countries in the meningitis belt (~300 million people)

Application Highlight – Chiekh Dione (ACMAD)



S2S Improvements in scientific understanding:

- Drivers of onset variability for EA and WA
- Land-atmosphere feedbacks
- Evaluation of S2S forecasting systems
- Linking skill to S2S drivers

Science Highlight – Masilin Gudoshava (ICPAC)

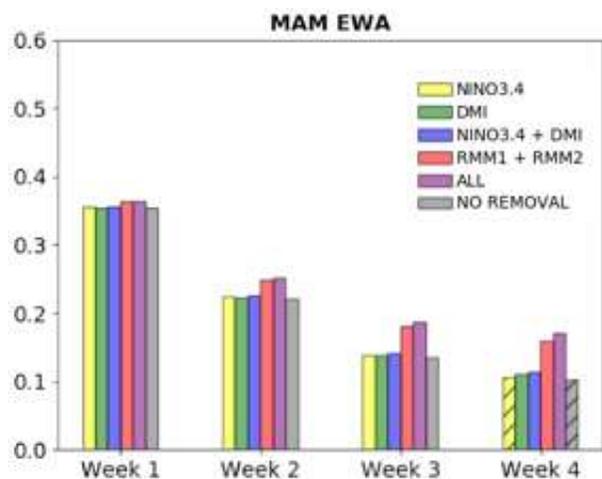
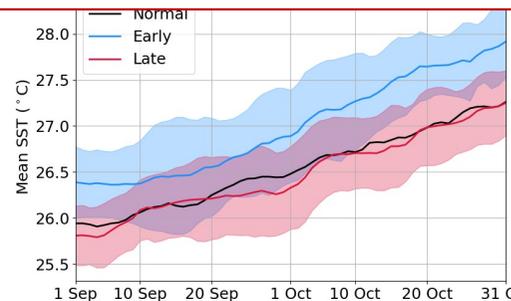


Figure from Felipe A. (NCAS-UoR)



Figures from Masilin G. (ICPAC) and Coumba N. (UCAD)

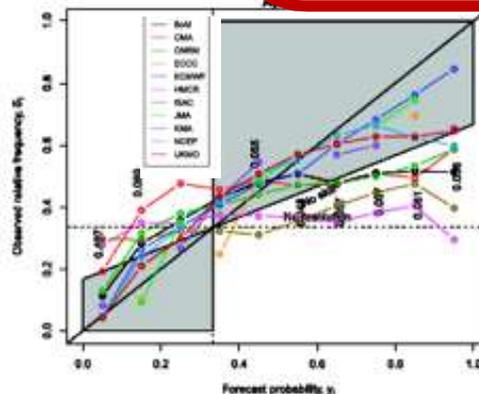


Figure from Hussen E. (ICPAC)

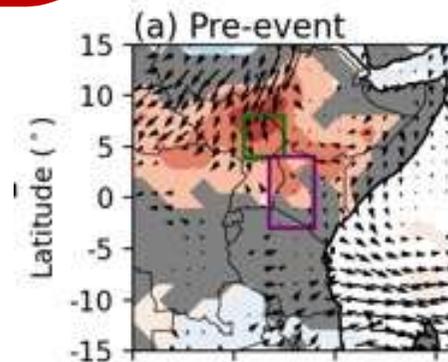
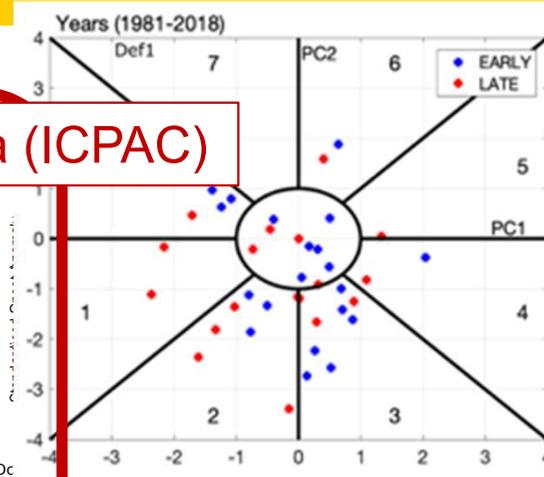


Figure from Josh T. (UKCEH)

Developing sub-seasonal forecasting techniques to improve climate resilience across Africa

SWIFT S2S Science highlight

Masilin Gudoshava (ICPAC): Drivers of early and late onset for the East African short rains

SWIFT S2S Application highlight

Cheikh Dione (ACMAD): Improved sub-seasonal forecasts to support preparedness action for Meningitis outbreak in Africa

Steve Woolnough (NCAS-UoR): S2S forecasting - progress, lessons learnt and open questions

Discussion



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Thank you for your attention !

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